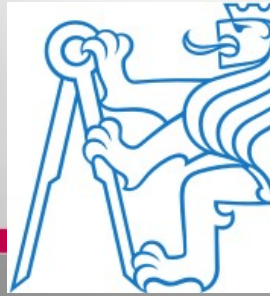




CZECH CARDIOVASCULAR  
RESEARCH AND  
INNOVATION DAYS

2024

November 4-5, 2024 | Vienna House Hotel, Prague



# Pulsed field ablation induces hemolysis in vitro depending on the electric field strength

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# Pulsed field ablation (PFA) for atrial fibrillation

used next to RFA for PVI isolation

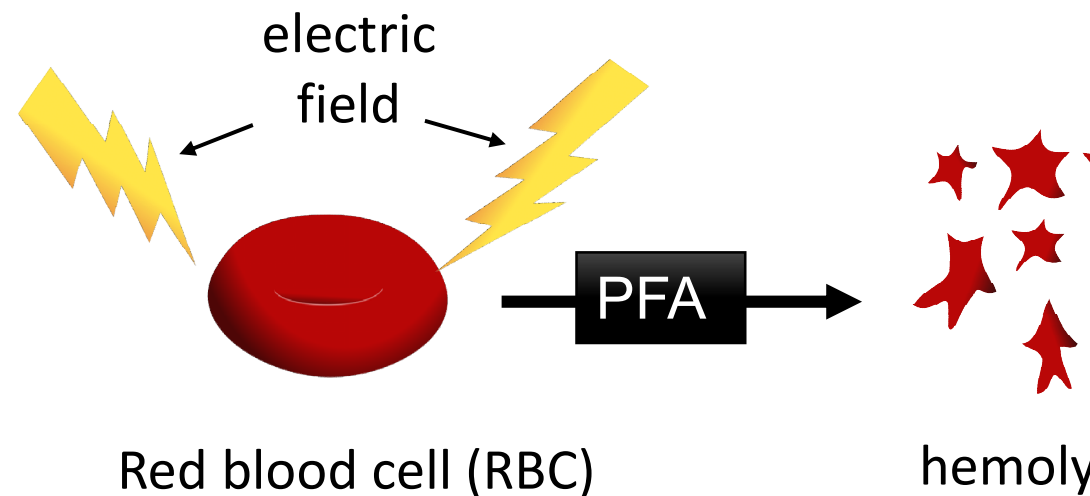
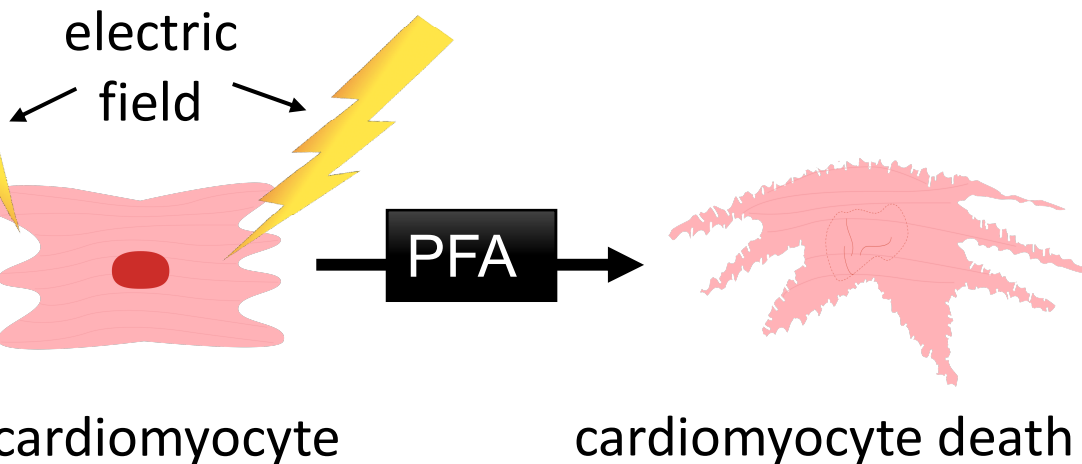
More **effective**, **less sides effect**, **faster** intervention process

Irreversible **pore formation** in the cell membrane due to **high voltage electric pulses**  
→ **cell death** (Ca<sup>2+</sup> overload?)

**Possible sides effect:**

**renal failure** (rare cases)

**intravascular hemolysis (all patients)**



## Hypothesis

**High voltage electric pulses induce damage of red blood cells depending on the electric field strength *in vitro*.**

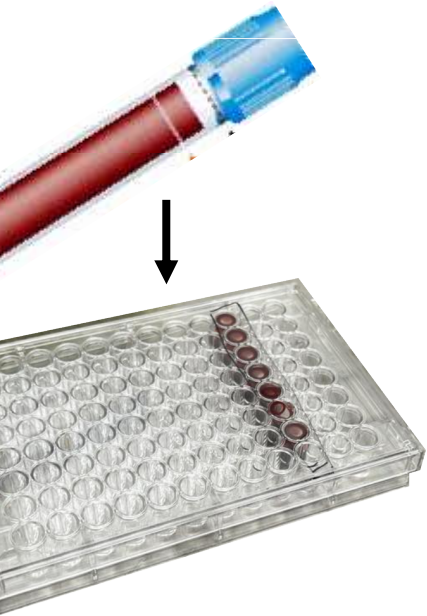
## Aim

**To determine the extent of red blood cell damage with increasing electric field strength *in vitro*.**

# Methods

## Experimental model

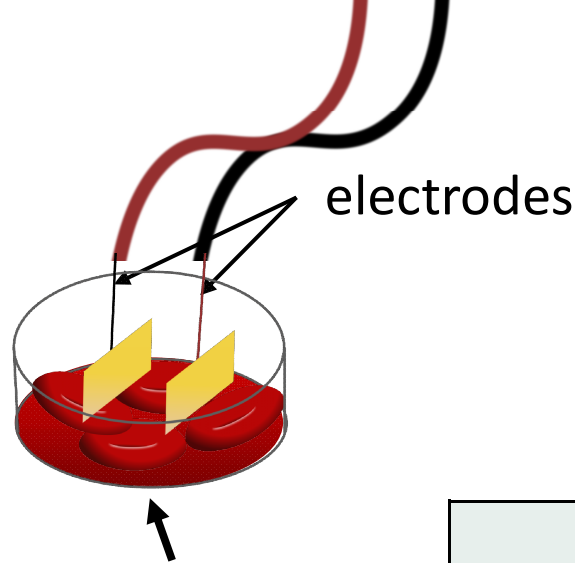
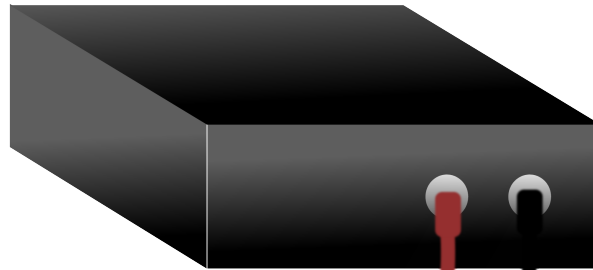
Blood samples from healthy volunteers.



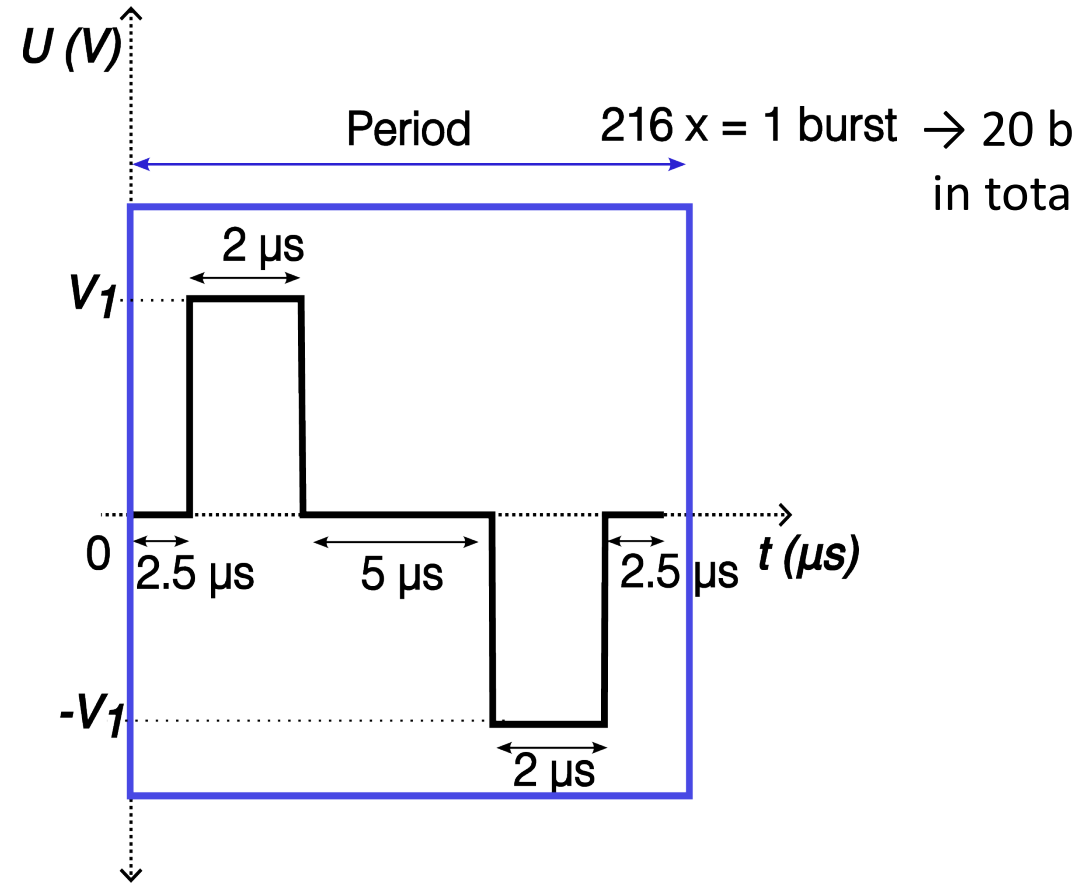
96-well microplate

## Electroporation setup

Electric pulses generator



Blood in cell culture well



$$\vec{E} \approx (3 \cdot U) + 20 \%$$

<b>Voltage (V)</b>	0	90	190	290	380	480	580
<b>Electric field (V/cm)</b>	0	250	500	750	1000	1250	1500

# Methods

## Sample collection

blood samples - centrifuged for plasma separation

## Cell free hemoglobine

Harboe direct spectrophotometric method

$$C(\text{g/l}) = \frac{k * (167.2 * A_{415} - 83.6 * A_{380} - 83.6 * A_{450})}{1000}$$

$A$  = absorbance

$A_{415}$  = absorbance of oxyhemoglobin

$A_{380}$  = absorbance of non-specific plasma

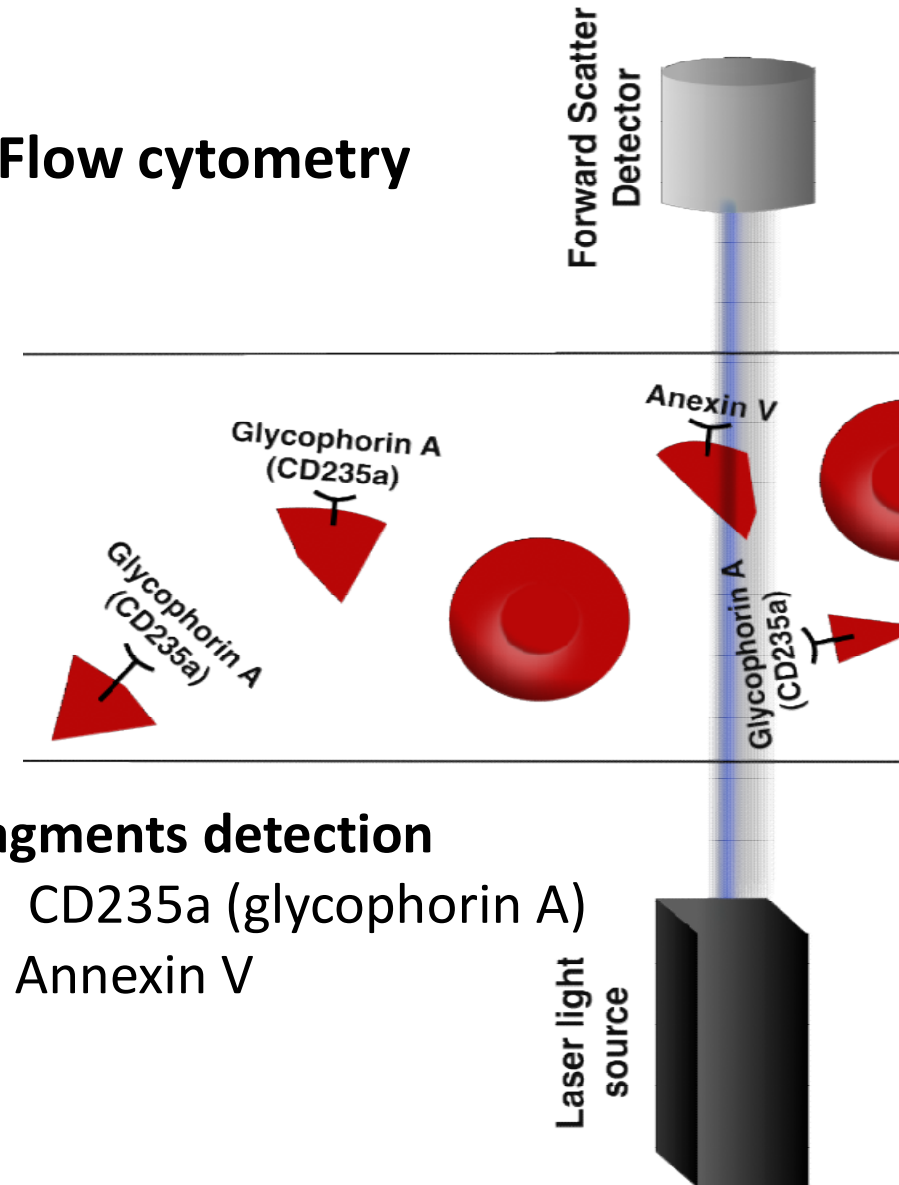
interferents

$A_{450}$  = bilirubin/albumin complexes

dillution

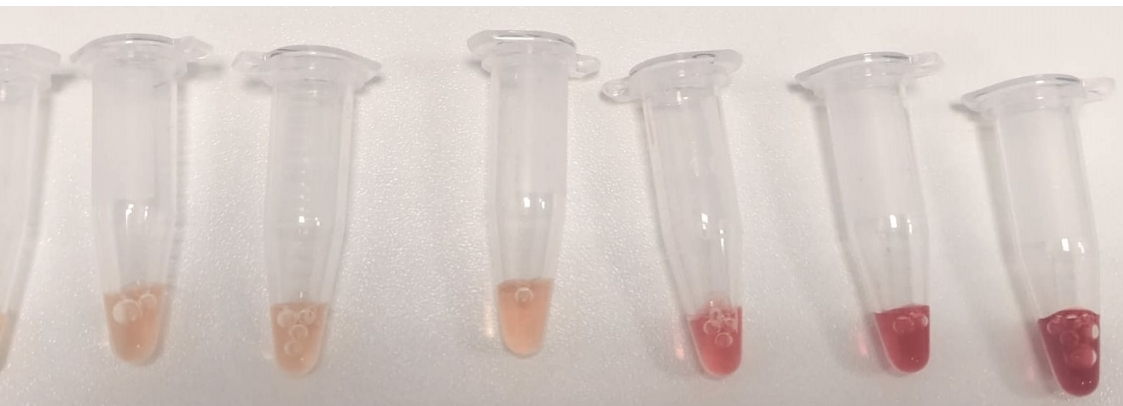
## Red blood cells microparticl

### Flow cytometry

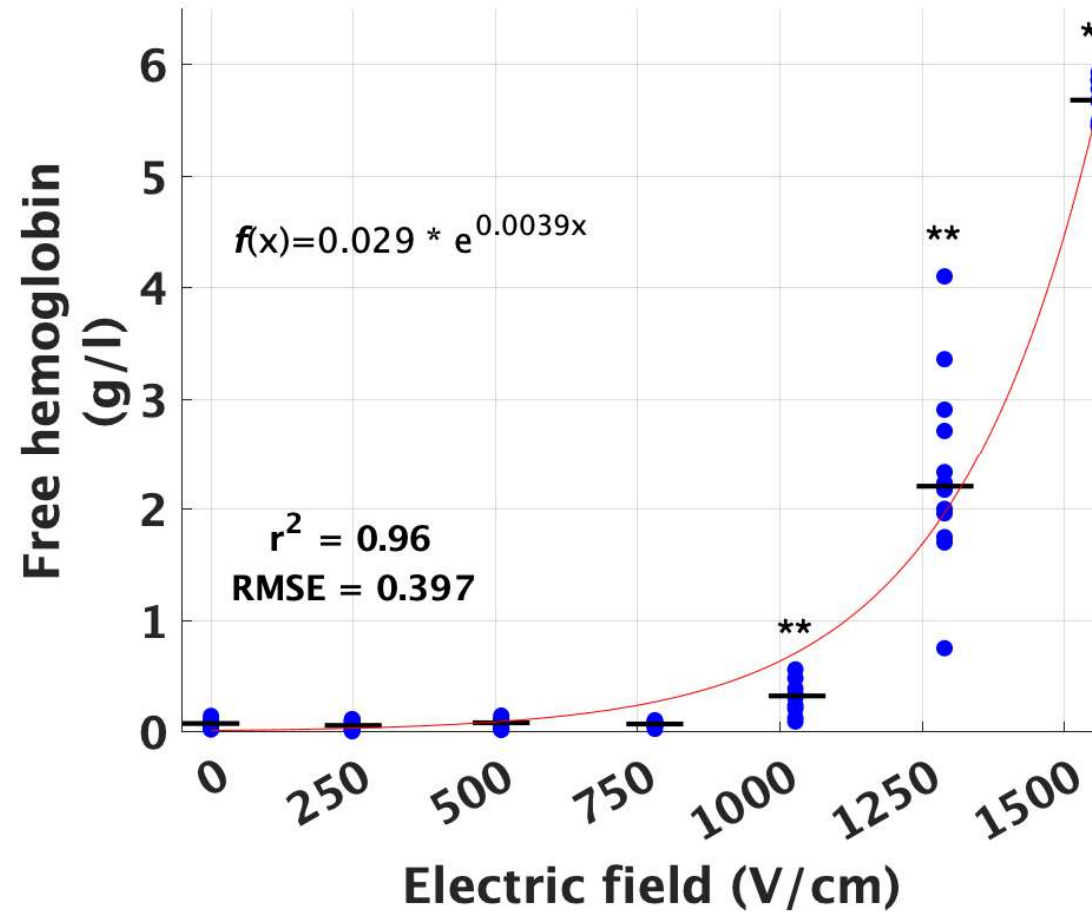


# Results

Separated plasma samples after  
in vitro PFA (examples)

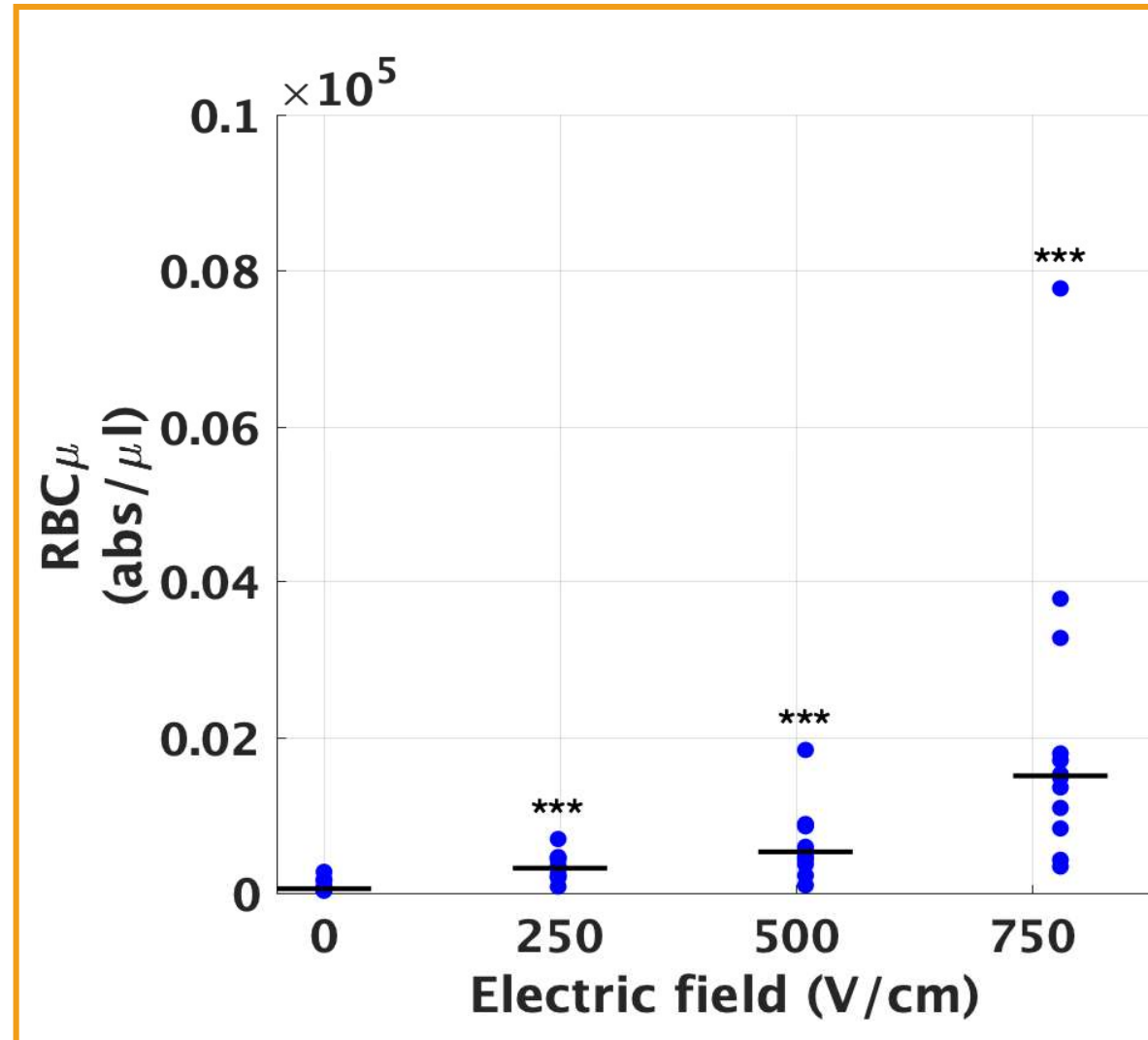
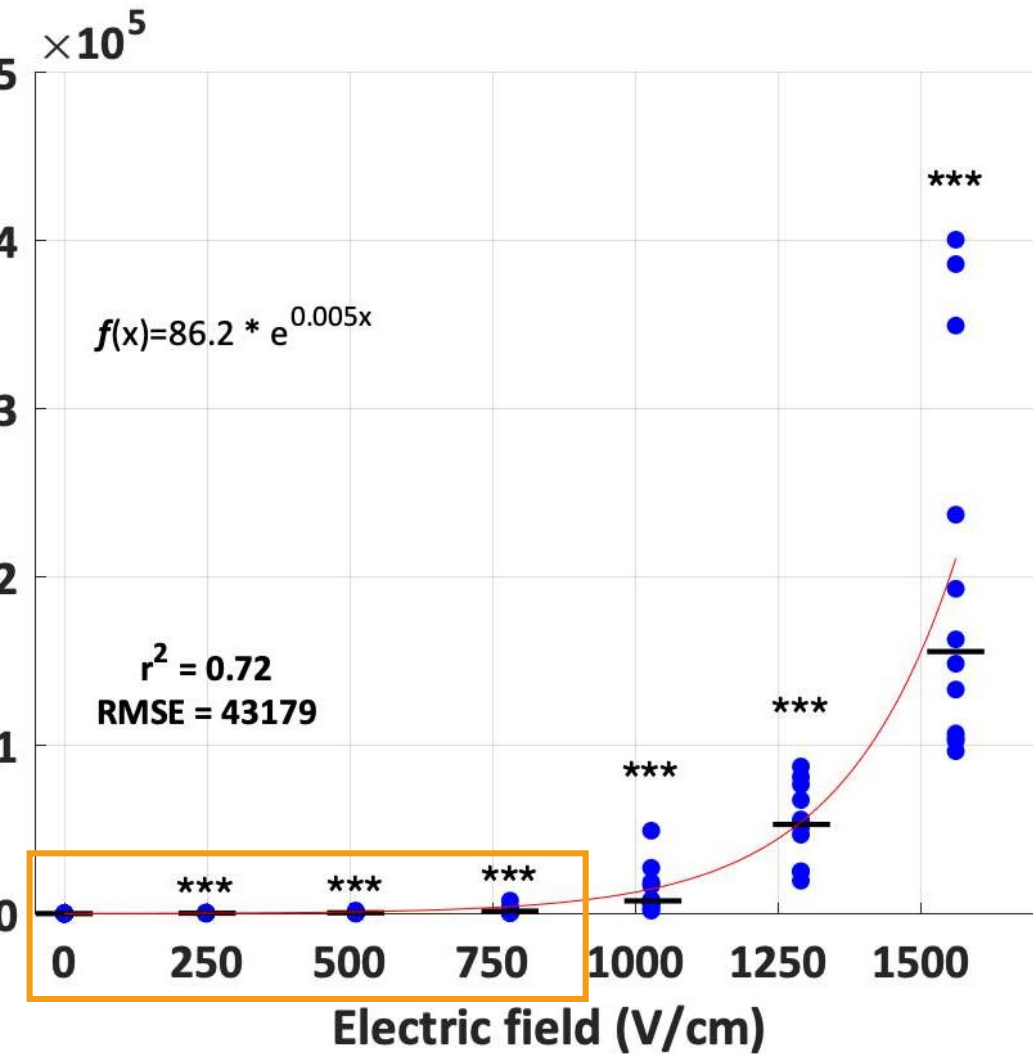


250 500 750 1000 1250 1500  
V/cm V/cm V/cm V/cm V/cm V/cm



# Results

## Red blood cells microparticles



# Conclusion

- From **1000 V/cm** - free hemoglobin released from RBC to plasma
- **↑ electric field** → **↑ the breakdown of RBC at all electric field strengths**



**RBC are damaged by high voltage electric pulses**

# Future perspectives

- to investigate the **influence of the cardiac cycle**
- to find an **ablation protocol with minimal hemolytic effect and preservation of effective cardiomyocyte death**



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Thank you for your  
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